

**Rewind**

Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: MAX025198S
Product name: Rewind

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Wall paint

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Paint/Coating	-	✓	✓

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: CROMOLOGY ITALIA SPA
Full address: Sede Legale: Via IV Novembre, 4
District and Country: 55016 Porcari LU
ITALY
Tel. 199119955 (+39)05832424
Fax 199119977

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: info-sds@cromology.it

Product distribution by: CROMOLOGY ITALIA SPA

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Telephone numbers of the main Italian Poison Control Centers (active 24/24 hours):
Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 0382 24444 (CAV Centro Nazionale di Informazione Tossicologica - Pavia); Centro Antiveleni di Milano 02 66101029 (CAV Ospedale Niguarda Ca` Granda - Milano); Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo 800 883300 (CAV Azienda Ospedaliera Papa Giovanni XXII - Bergamo); Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 055 7947819 (CAV Ospedale Careggi - Firenze); Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 3054343 (CAV Policlinico Gemelli - Roma); Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 49978000 (CAV Policlinico Umberto I - Roma); Centro Antiveleni Pediatrico di Roma 06 68593726 (CAVp Osp. Pediatrico Bambino Gesù- Roma); Centro Antiveleni di Foggia 0881 732326 (Azienda Ospedaliero Universitaria di Foggia); Centro Antiveleni di Napoli 081 7472870 (CAV Ospedale Cardarelli - Napoli).

For more information: Cromology Italia SpA 199119955 (+39)05832424
From Monday to Friday 9:30-12:30 14:00-17:30.

Rewind**SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Serious eye damage, category 1

H318

Causes serious eye damage.

Skin irritation, category 2

H315

Causes skin irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

H335

May cause respiratory irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H318

Causes serious eye damage.

H315

Causes skin irritation.

H335

May cause respiratory irritation.

EUH208

Contains:

1,2-BENZOISOTIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

2-METIL-2H-ISOTIAZOL-3-ONE

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102

Keep out of reach of children.

P280

Indossare guanti / indumenti protettivi e proteggere gli occhi / il viso.

P302+P352

IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water and soap.

P305+P351+P338

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501

Dispose of contents/container according to local regulation.

Contains:

TRIETHYLAMINE

N-OLEIL SARCOSINA

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Binding primers.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :

Limit value:

30 (2010)

Rewind**SECTION 2. Hazards identification** ... / >>

VOC of product : 30,00

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
TRIETHYLAMINE		
CAS 121-44-8	1,9 - 3	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Corr. 1A H314, STOT SE 3 H335
EC 204-469-4		
INDEX 612-004-00-5		
Reg. no. 01-2119475467-26-XXXX		
N-OLEIL SARCOSINA		
CAS 110-25-8	1,9 - 3	Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1
EC 203-749-3		
Reg. no. 01-2119488991-20-XXXX		
BENZENE, MONO C10-C13 ALCHIL DERIVATI, RESIDUO DI DISTILLAZIONE		
CAS 84961-70-6	1,9 - 3	Asp. Tox. 1 H304
EC 284-660-7		
Reg. no. 01-2119485843-26-XXXX		
Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2-isothiazol-3-one. [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)		
CAS 55965-84-9	0,00 - 0,0015	Acute Tox. 2 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1C H314, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071, Note B
EC 611-341-5		
INDEX 613-167-00-5		
ZINC PYRITHIONE		
CAS 13463-41-7	0,00 - 0,025	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10
EC 236-671-3		
Reg. no. 01-2119511196-46-XXXX		
2-METIL-2H-ISOTIAZOL-3-ONE		
CAS 2682-20-4	0,00 - 0,0015	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 220-239-6		
1,2-BENZOISOTIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE		
CAS 2634-33-5	0,00 - 0,05	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC 220-120-9		
INDEX 613-088-00-6		

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

Rewind**SECTION 4. First aid measures**

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene.

If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

Information not available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Rewind**SECTION 6. Accidental release measures** ... / >>

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment.

Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight.

Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GBR		
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ - ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 Φεβρουαρίου 2012
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Council of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18
PRT	Portugal	Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diaro da Republica I 26; 2012-02-06
ROU	România	Monitorul Oficial al României 44; 2012-01-19
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2016

Rewind
SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>
BENZENE, MONO C10-C13 ALCHIL DERIVATI, RESIDUO DI DISTILLAZIONE
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value of STP microorganisms	2	mg/l
Normal value in fresh water	0,000075	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	1.761	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,000075	mg/l
Normal value for marine water sediment	1.761	mg/l
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,001	mg/l

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Skin								96 mg/kg p.c.

N-OLEIL SARCOSINA
Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Skin								96 mg/kg p.c.

TRIETHYLAMINE
Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH			0,5		1	SKIN
AGW	DEU	4,2	1	8,4	2	SKIN
MAK	DEU	4,2	1	8,4	2	
VLA	ESP	8,4	2	12,6	3	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	4,2	1	12,6	3	SKIN
WEL	GBR	8	2	17	4	SKIN
TLV	GRC	40	10	60	15	
VLEP	ITA	8,4	2	12,6	3	SKIN
OEL	NLD	4,2		12,6		SKIN
VLE	PRT	8,4	2	12,6	3	SKIN
TLV	ROU	8,4	2	12,6	3	SKIN

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.
 VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

Si consigliano guanti in lattice nitrile conformi a EN 374.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Rewind**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection** ... / >>

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	Liquid
Colour	Colorless, whitish
Odour	Pungent, of amines
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	8,5
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	> 60 °C
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	>1
Relative density	1,020 20°C
Solubility	Soluble in water. Insoluble in hydrocarbons.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	17000 mPa.s
Explosive properties	Not available

Rewind**SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties** ... / >>>

Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information
VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) : 30,00 g/litre**SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

Substances to avoid: acids. Conditions to avoid frost and strong heat. In case of dilution with water the product can be heated

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Avoid high temperatures can cause thermal decomposition

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See Section 10.1.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid the heating of the product

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition or in case of fire gases can be released and potentially harmful to health.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

ZINC PYRITHIONE

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: >20 mg/l

LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: >2.000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: >2.000 mg/kg

Rewind**SECTION 11. Toxicological information** ... / >>**2-METIL-2H-ISOTIAZOL-3-ONE**

LD50 (Oral) >2.500 mg/kg Rat (OECD 423)

LD50 (Dermal) >2.000 mg/kg Rat (OECD 402)

LC50 (Inhalation) 5,71 mg/l/1h rat (OECD 403)

BENZENE, MONO C10-C13 ALCHIL DERIVATI, RESIDUO DI DISTILLAZIONE

LD50 (Oral) >2.000 mg/kg rat

TRIETHYLAMINE

LD50 (Oral) 460 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 580 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 14,5 mg/l/4h Rat

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one. [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

LD50 (Oral) 66 mg/kg Rat OECD 401

LD50 (Dermal) >141 mg/kg Rat OECD 402

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains:

1,2-BENZOISOTIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

2-METIL-2H-ISOTIAZOL-3-ONE

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one. [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Viscosity: 17000 mPa.s

SECTION 12. Ecological information

No specific data are available for this product. Handle it according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil and waterways. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation. Please take all the proper measures to reduce harmful effects on aquifers.

12.1. Toxicity

1,2-BENZOISOTIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

LC50 - for Fish	1,6 mg/l/96h	Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD 203)
EC50 - for Crustacea	3,27 mg/l/48h	Daphnia magna (OECD 202)
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,11 mg/l/72h	Selenastrum capricornutum (OECD 201)

ZINC PYRITHIONE

LC50 - for Fish	0,15 mg/l/96h	Oncorhynchus mykiss
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,05 mg/l/48h	Dafnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,067 mg/l/72h	Selenastrum capricornutum

BENZENE, MONO C10-C13 ALCHIL DERIVATI, RESIDUO DI DISTILLAZIONE

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	10 mg/l/72h	alga
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N-OLEIL SARCOSINA

EC50 - for Crustacea	0,43 mg/l/48h	Daphnia
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	6,3 mg/l/72h	alga

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one. [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

LC50 - for Fish	0,22 mg/l/96h	Oncorhynchus mykiss
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,0052 mg/l/48h	Dafnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,048 mg/l/72h	Pseudokirchnereilla subcapitata

12.2. Persistence and degradability

TRIETHYLAMINE

Solubility in water	>10.000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one. [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

1,2-BENZOISOTIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,7
BCF	6,95

2-METIL-2H-ISOTIAZOL-3-ONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,32
BCF	3,16

Rewind**SECTION 12. Ecological information** ... / >>

TRIETHYLAMINE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,45

BCF <0,5

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one. [EC no. 220-239-6]

(3:1)

BCF 3,6

12.4. Mobility in soil

TRIETHYLAMINE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,57

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

Rewind**SECTION 14. Transport information** ... / >>

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:

None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006Product

Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

None

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Binding primers.

This product contains biocidal products.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin Sens. 1A	Skin sensitization, category 1A
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
EUH208	Contains <name of sensitising substance>. May produce an allergic reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration

Rewind**SECTION 16. Other information** ... / >>

- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01/02/05/06/07/08/09/10/11/14/15